

ILLEGAL CIGARETTE TRADE POSES A HUGE THREAT TO INDIA

Impacts Livelihood, Deprives Government of Revenue & Promotes Organized Crime



ILLEGAL CIGARETTE TRADE POSES A HUGE THREAT TO INDIA

Impacts Livelihood, Deprives Government of Revenue & Promotes Organized Crime

THIRD EDITION

Published by



The Tobacco Institute of India

316-318, 3rd Floor, E-Block, International Trade Tower,

Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019 Phone: 91-11-26231214-16

E-mail: tii@tiionline.org, Website: www.tiionline.org

CIN: U16003DL1992 NPL085954

2019



Contents

Illegal Cigarette Trade in India has Grown Unabated01
High Cigarette Taxation is the Primary Driver of Illegal Trade02
Non-Adherence to Regulations Incentivizes Illegal Trade
Cigarette Smuggling Impacts Tobacco Offtake and Farmer Earnings06
Illegal Tobacco Trade Funds Organized Crime and Terror Groups07
India is A Major Victim of Cigarette Smuggling08
Hasty Implementation of WHO Illicit Tobacco Trade Protocol Won't Help Countering Illegal Trade in India09
Legal Tobacco Industry Provides Livelihood to 45.7 Million People and is A Significant Contributor to the Exchequer10
Illegal Trade Takes Away Livelihood, Causes Revenue Losses and Defeats Tobacco Control Objectives11
Systemic Policy Intervention Needed to Curb Illegal Cigarette Trade in India

Preface

In view of the overwhelming response to the First and Second Editions of *The Threat of Growing Illegal Cigarette Trade in India*, The Tobacco Institute of India is pleased to publish a Third Edition under the revised title *Illegal Cigarette Trade Poses a Huge Threat to India* in recognition of the urgency with which the issue needs to be addressed.

The third edition of this Handbook includes updated information on diverse aspects of the Illegal Cigarette Trade in India besides giving a Global overview of the problem. The Handbook attempts to provide an insight into the extent, growth, driving factors and impact of illegal cigarette trade in India and the ways to combat it.

The handbook captures findings and observations from various national and international studies, Government Publications, UN and other International Agencies on the menace of illegal trade in cigarettes.

We are confident that this Handbook will serve as an effective reference document for the fight against the soaring illegal cigarette trade in India.

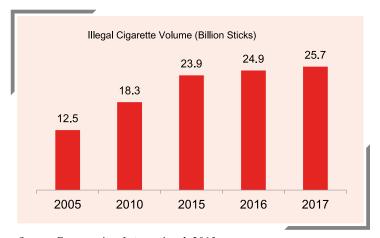


Smuggling is a deep scourge whose brunt is directly borne by industry, government and society... It undermines the local industry, suppresses innovation and investment... reduces the volume of revenues collected from duties and levies by the government, fuels transnational crimes and hampers the health of citizens.

Invisible Enemy: A Threat to Our National Interests, FICCI CASCADE

Illegal Cigarette Trade in India has Grown Unabated

- Illegal Cigarette trade currently accounts for as much as 1/4th of the Cigarette Industry in India with more than 25 billion sticks of Illegal cigarettes consumed in 2017.
- Illegal Cigarettes have more than doubled since 2005 and according to Euromonitor International, India is now the 4th largest illegal cigarette market in the world.
- Based on current tax rates on cigarettes, the Government loses Revenue of Rs. 13,000 crores per annum on account of illegal cigarette trade.



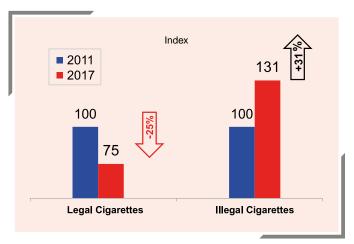
Source: Euromonitor International, 2018

- There is widespread and growing presence of Illegal cigarettes in the country as deceitful retailers benefit enormously by pushing sales of these cigarettes.
- Illegal Cigarettes are offered to retailers with higher trade margin and at extremely low prices (due to tax evasion) compared to those legally manufactured in India.
- In recent years availability of Illegal Cigarettes has spread across urban as well as rural markets and in metros they are almost universally available.



High Cigarette Taxation is the Primary Driver of Illegal Trade

- High taxes do not reduce demand, but merely shift the demand from the Legal tax paid and regulation compliant products to Illegal tax-evaded and regulation non-compliant products.
- The unprecedented trebling of Cigarette Taxation in a short span of 6 years between 2011 and 2017 has served as a great incentive to illegal trade operators through the consequent surge in available arbitrage.
- The escalating arbitrage opportunity
 has led to a significant growth in
 illegal cigarette trade in the country
 with its consequent impact on the
 legal industry as is evident in the
 chart (right).
- As a result of high taxes and the growth of illegal cigarette trade Legal cigarettes have dropped by 25% between 2011-12 and 2017-18 while illegal cigarettes have grown by 31% during the same period.



Source: Industry Clearances & Euromonitor International

Policy Makers should take cognizance of the important role that high taxes play in driving the growth of illegal cigarette trade in the country.

Non-Adherence to Regulations Incentivizes Illegal Trade

- Legal Cigarette manufacture in India is in the organized sector, is licensed and is completely compliant with all tobacco control and other regulations. The same cannot be said about Illegal Cigarettes which do not comply with any regulations.
- Non-adherence of Illegal Cigarettes with regulations like Pictorial Warnings, conveys an impression that they are safer alternatives to their Legal counterparts.
- According to an Indian Market Research Bureau (IMRB) study, consumers have demonstrated a noticeable preference for smuggled cigarettes after the implementation of 85% Pictorial Warnings in April 2016.
- There has been a sharp spurt in the smuggling of large consignments without warnings or with text warnings in foreign languages into the Indian market and are freely available at retail outlets that sell smuggled cigarettes.
- The Government has stated in the Parliament that incidents of seizures of smuggled cigarettes across India have more than doubled to 3,108 in 2016-17 from 1,312 incidents in 2014-15.

Consignments seized by enforcement agencies in India have confirmed absence of the specified warnings from packaging of smuggled brands.





1.5kg of gold, 50 cartons of cigarettes seized राजधानी एक्सप्रेस से 2880

res on Sunday, the air provide pence upt (AID) of the Co-whin conforms served 15kg of gold and 20 cortains of capa-retize splitted as to betain. In the first security, title of gold was switzed from a pas-

senger from Dohn. The pold was with some of crists pold



tomor Kromer word, recovers country alone coulded

the suspilience of a min they had finded an attempt i heatigge out formigh curries es through Coal Fores

पैकेट विदेशी सिगरेट बरामद

अनम्म सकदकतः, विलीपुर्वः एन तेयोः वेतुन्य गाँधन एव और विकास स्थानस्था ष्ट्रेमन एर बुधवार को दिन में तिन करें। जर रहे हैं। वरावद विकोट की कीवत 3 कतवारी एकप्रोम १२४२३ से आलाएक लाख 45 लाग ६०० हमने आंको वर्ष की ब्रह्म चित्र की टीम ने एसएमध्यर है। अल्बेएन को ब्रह्म वित्र की टीम THE 17862 IN 2880 THE PUBLIS वे बाराय कि विकार अर्थाया से प्रशासन मिलेट क्यार किया है। सरकारी का



र स्विट्जरलैंड की

(which limite ; warm around it orga-

went if wit also is near horize on 10 diof per and of min more is consulted

Chronicle Currency, gold, cigarettes worth Rs 70.5 lakh seized United News of India

DRI sleuths seize foreign cigarettes worth around Rs 5.25

with the polishance of Sashastra Seema Ed. (SSE) persuand seized ferrigo

Manuflaryor, Marias (UNI) Directorate of Revenue Intelligence (DRJ) abouths

at Chennai airport emak: A total of Rs 70.5 lash worth foreign currencies, gold and foreign ciperwere select at the Chescoli Airport here on Friday.

were arrested and three separate cases of saturaging were region

idents arrived from Dubai in a private airline on Friday momin

Intelligence

Directorate of Revenue

Cigarette haul at airport

MRPORT: Imported cigarettes with a market value of Rs 36 lakh were gized from a car parked estic CalcutSeizures of Illegal Cigarettes Across India by Enforcement Agencies during 2018-19

Bengaluru, Dibrugarh (Assam), Ghaziabad, Guwahati, Haldia Dock, Howrah, Hyderabad, Kanpur, Kishanganj (Uttar Pradesh), Kochi, Kolkata, Lucknow, Mangaluru, Mohali (Punjab), Mumbai, Muzaffarpur, New Delhi, Pandhurna (Madhya Pradesh), Patna, Siliguri, Thoothukudi (Tamil Nadu), Trichy, Vasco (Goa), Vijayawada

(This story has not been edited by

Illegal Foreign cigarettes seized in Guwahati

GUWAHATI: In a major haul of illicit cigarettes, the Directorate of Revenue Intelligence seized 33,60,000 sticks of cigarettes of foreign origin in Guwahati from a warehouse. The consignment is valued at Rs. 3,98,00,000.

It is to be mentioned that the illegal cigarette trade comprising of internationally smuggled and locally manufactured, tax-evaded cigarettes accounts for as much as 1/4th of the cigarette industry in India.

Based on the current tax rates on cigarettes, it is estimated that the Government loses Rs. 13,000 crore per annum due to the illegal cigarette trade.

Source: http://www.guwahatiplus.com/daily-news/illegal-foreign-cigarettes-seized-inguwahati

Cigarette sticks worth 21 lakh recovered

STAFF REPORTER

GUWAHATI, April 1: RPF (Railway Protection Force) conducted a drive against undesirable elements over Guwahati Railway Station on Sunday. During checking, they detected seven poly bundles at PF No 4/5. The poly bundles were unloaded on Friday from T/No 55602 DN. On being checked, RPF found 30,000 sticks of Cigarette of Mynmar Origin in each poly bundles with total 2,10,000 sticks. Values of the detected Cigarettes are approximately Rs 21 lakh. The detected Cigarettes were handed over

Five held with foreign cigarettes, spices worth ₹6cr

district Westwoods married Cultury Corporation tes and black paper parent for and black paper parent DEBEGOOD SELECT DESPREY, ON

amagrécothy and than takes to New Dellis via Grandell by

when in properties rgur trillin popritas bográny veliší r menur af Morritain Mongow the same has become a half-for nine with language

GOA CASE LINK

Foreign cigarettes worth ₹17cr seized

Ahmed.Aliiitimesgroup.com

Mumbal: A cigaretie smugg

containing foreign-orbido clgareties were recovered from the containe

महं विकास स्टेम्पार, १४ जनारी ३०१५

Reported Seizures are only the tip

of the Iceberg of a much larger

clandestine operation. After all, for

every seized consignment there are a

large number of consignments that

escape surveillance and find their way

into the market.

11 करोड़ की देसी-विदेशी ब्रांड



बाईन वर पूर्व एक प्रकारको or amile technique of

rettes worth akh seized

v task force officials illegal cigarettes

राजधानी एक्सप्रेस से 76 लाख की विदेशी सिगरेट बरामद

जागरण संवाददाता, चंदोली सूचना निदेशालय (डीआरआइ) प्रमुखी स्वर्धी । प्रमुख्याः THE

Four held for smu CHUNKAL September 30, 2018

Contraband worth ₹4.



Imported cigaret

Korbapel in One Tenen on Tuesday and arrested one p Steadts of Commissioner's Task For

Published: 12th September 2018

Business Standard

DRI seizes Chinese cigarettes worth Rs 1.19 cr from train in Patna

Press Trust of India | Patna December 31, 2018

Directorate of Revenue Intelligence(DRI) seized 799800 Chinese cigarettes worth Rs 1,19 crore from New Delhi-bound Rajdhani Express from Guwahati at Patliputra railway station in Patna, DRI sources said on Monday.

Acting on a specific information that the cigarette consignment was being smuggled to Delhi, the DRI officers raided the train Sunday evening when it arrived at the station and seized 799800 king size Chinese cigarettes worth Rs 1,19,97,000.



Foreign cigarettes worth Rs 2 cr seized at Dabolim airport; 5 cargo staffers held

VASCO; in a major hauf, the directorate of revenue intelligence (DRI) sleuths has arrested five persons and seized a consignment of foreign organizes worth around Rs 2 crore which was transported by an Air Arabia flight.

The highly placed sources have disclosed that the DRI sleuths raided the Conquer cargo section at air cargo complex at Dabolim airport on Wednesday, following a tipoff about smuggling of foreign organises worth Rs 2 crose. During the sequenoperation, the DRI sleuths picked up about five persons including a supervisor who were attached to the handling and delivery section of the air cargo complex.

It was not known from where the cargo was imported and to whom it was supposed

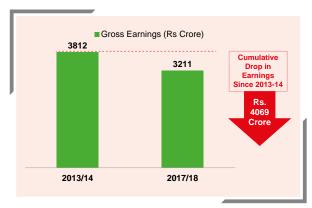
that more people are involved in smuggling activities of to be delivered.

ILLEGAL CIGARETTE TRADE POSES A HUGE THREAT TO INDIA



Cigarette Smuggling Impacts Tobacco Offtake and Farmer Earnings

- Growers of Flue Cured Virginia (FCV) tobacco in the States of Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Karnataka are largely dependent on the Legal Cigarette Industry in the country for offtake of their produce.
- The huge drop in Legal Cigarette volumes and the consequent reduction in the demand of FCV tobacco in cigarette manufacture have thus reduced earnings of tobacco farmers.
- Since 2013-14, the earnings of FCV tobacco farmers have shrunk cumulatively by more than Rs. 4,000 crores due to the drop in offtake of tobacco for the manufacture of domestic legal cigarettes.
- The reduction in domestic demand is transferring to the burgeoning illegal smuggled cigarettes which do not use tobaccos grown in India.
- The reduction in offtake severely affects tobacco farmers as they are left with unutilized land in absence of any viable remunerative alternative crop.



Source: Derived based on Auction Prices and Quantity of FCV Tobacco marketed - Tobacco Board, Government of India

Stringent measures directed at containing the unfettered drive of illegal operators will help recovery of the legal industry thus improving the fortunes of lakhs of distressed farmers in the country.

Illegal Tobacco Trade Funds Organized Crime and Terror Groups

- Increasing illegal trade encourages the entry of organized criminal and terrorist syndicates, which could have serious consequences for the maintenance of law and order.
- Growth in illegal trade implies availability of more funds with anti-social and criminal elements to execute their unlawful activities against society.
- Internationally, it has been determined, for example by the US Department of Homeland Security, that profits from cigarette smuggling have been used to fund criminal and terrorist activities posing a huge threat to National Security.
- Cigarette smuggling facilitates other crimes and provides funding for additional criminal activities, including money laundering, bulk cash smuggling, and the trafficking in humans, weapons, drugs, antiquities, diamonds, and counterfeit goods.
- According to the International Consortium of Investigative Journalists (ICIJ), attracted by huge profits, quick turnovers, a captive market and relatively light penalties if caught, organized crime now controls large sectors of smuggling.

"Europol sees tobacco smuggling as a 'crime enabler' or 'threat financer'. The huge illegal profits criminals make are used to fund other areas of serious organised crime."



India is A Major Victim of Cigarette Smuggling

- The Illegal Cigarette Trade is a multi-billion dollar business globally, fueling organized crime, robbing governments of much needed tax revenue and undermining tobacco control objectives.
- Cigarettes, being highly taxed, easy to transport and having an attractive risk to reward ratio, are among the most illegally traded goods in the world.



- Smugglers of International brands seek overseas markets with attractive tax arbitrage and move Consignments through both land and sea routes into these opportunity markets.
- India with its vast land and sea borders and its attractive tax arbitrage due to punitive taxation on cigarettes is a target destination for smuggled cigarette trade operators.
- International Cigarette brands smuggled into India find a ready market in the country with existing demand, easy accessibility and cheaper prices (due to tax evasion) compared with domestic legal cigarettes.

Hasty Implementation of WHO Illicit Tobacco Trade Protocol Won't Help Countering Illegal Trade in India

- The Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products is a new international treaty under the WHO's Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC).
- The Protocol seeks to establish a global tracking and tracing regime within five years of entry into force.
- The Protocol has come into force in September 2018 and has been ratified by 52 countries, including India as on April 2019.
- However, the countries from where smuggled cigarettes enter into India viz., Myanmar, Indonesia, Malaysia, Korea, China etc. have not ratified the Protocol.
- The Protocol will succeed in confronting smuggled cigarette trade in India only when it is implemented simultaneously across the globe.
- It is the smuggled international brands and the accompanying global illegal cigarette trade that requires monitoring and surveillance through a Track and Trace System.
- Even if not globally, the Protocol should at least be implemented in countries from where smuggled cigarettes flow into India before it is implemented in India.

It is important that the Protocol is implemented simultaneously across the globe and not unilaterally in India. Any attempt to implement it hastily and in isolation in India is unlikely to achieve the stated objectives of the Protocol.



Legal Tobacco Industry Provides Livelihood to 45.7 Million People and is A Significant Contributor to the Exchequer

- India is the world's 2nd largest producer of tobacco with an estimated annual production of around 800 million kgs. Tobacco is a highly remunerative crop grown largely in semi-arid and rain-fed areas.
- Tobacco is an important commercial crop in India, generating enormous socio-economic benefits in terms of agricultural employment, farm incomes, revenue generation and foreign exchange earnings. Tobacco Industry provides livelihood to 45.7 million people including farmers, farm labour, rural poor, women, tribals etc., around 70% of whom are engaged in the agricultural sector.

Type	Millions	Source	
Farmers	6	22 nd Report of the Parliamentary Committee on Subordinate Legislation (10 th Lok Sabha)	
Farm Labour	20		
Bidi/Factory Workers	8.5	Reply to Lok Sabha starred question no.180 dated August 19, 2013; Industry estimates	
Tendu Leaf Pluckers	4	M.P. Govt. Ad. (TOI, June 8, 2000); Industry estimates	
Trade/Retailers	7.2	A.C. Nielsen Retail Census - 2014	
Total	45.7		

• Tobacco products generate a significant share of the country's tax revenues amounting to more than Rs.39,000 crores annually. Exports of leaf tobacco and tobacco products generated foreign exchange earnings of Rs.5,540 crores in 2017-18.

"Tobacco occupies a prime place in the Indian economy on account of its considerable contribution to the agricultural, industrial and export sectors."

Report on Tobacco Control in India, Union Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, 2004

Illegal Trade Takes Away Livelihood, Causes Revenue Losses and Defeats Tobacco Control Objectives



Results in an annual revenue loss of more than Rs.13,000 crores to the national exchequer



Poses serious livelihood challenges to Indian tobacco farmers since contraband products do not use local tobaccos



Encourages the entry of organized criminal syndicates with serious consequences for maintenance of law and order



Seriously undermines the social objectives of tobacco control as illegal trade not only makes available tobacco products at extremely low prices (due to evasion of applicable taxes) but also products that are of suspect quality, manufactured under unhygienic conditions



Systemic Policy Intervention Needed to Curb Illegal Cigarette Trade in India

- » Adoption of a moderate and stable tax regime for Cigarettes
- » Enforcing equitable, balanced and practical tobacco control policies
- Ensuring stricter surveillance by enforcement agencies and harsher penalties against illegal operators
- » Raising public awareness of the problem and its impact on society
- » Making systemic Policy intervention to reduce the attractiveness of the Indian Cigarette Market for smugglers of International brands

Enforcement alone cannot fully address the menace of the large and growing illegal cigarette trade in the country. There is an urgent need for the Government to make systemic policy intervention with regard to high taxation and excessive regulation in order to adequately deal with the huge Illegal Trade problem in India.

The Tobacco Institute of India

The Tobacco Institute of India (TII) is a representative body of farmers, manufacturers, exporters and ancillaries of the cigarette segment of the tobacco industry in India, whose members account for more than 98% of the country's domestic sales of duty paid cigarettes. The Institute is recognized as a repository of reliable information on the industry and is privileged to be consulted by Government, Parliamentary Committees, Chambers of Commerce/Trade Associations and Media for information and policy recommendations on Tobacco issues.

As an organization, TII has always supported evidence-based, equitable, reasonable and implementable regulation and recognises the need to create greater awareness regarding tobacco consumption in India.



The Tobacco Institute of India

316-318, 3rd Floor, E-Block, International Trade Tower Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019 Phone: 91-11-26231214-15-16

E-mail: tii@tiionline.org, Website: www.tiionline.org

CIN: U16003DL1992 NPL085954